

Community Development Plan (2024 – 2026)

Ayekire Local Government



■ Gbonyin Local Government

*A Plan based on Needs Assessment carried out jointly by
communities and the Local Government Area (LGA) Officials*

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Acknowledgment

This Plan is a collaborative effort between community leaders and LGA officials in Efon Local Government. It was produced through a very inclusive and participatory process.

All major stakeholders participated in the process of identifying the needs as well as the resources and assets of the communities. They include Traditional Rulers / Chiefs, Persons with Disabilities, Youths, Women, Artisans, Farmers, Workers, the Elderly and Retirees.

Our people have expressed their needs and aspirations for promoting their progress and welfare. This Community Development Plan will go a long way in helping us to achieve cost-effective development of our communities.

We express our appreciation to the team of volunteers and LGA Officials who worked tirelessly moving from community to community, organising Focus Group Discussions and Key Informant Interviews with different community members to collate their needs, visiting schools, health facilities, and social amenities to ascertain their conditions. We also thank the Traditional Rulers and Chiefs for their support.

Lastly, our profound gratitude goes to our technical partner, Community Life Project (CLP) in partnership with the Nigerian Civil Society Situation Room ably supported by the UK Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office (FCDO).

We will work closely with the different stakeholders to ensure effective implementation of this Plan.



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Introduction

This Community Development Plan (2024 – 2026) of Efon Local Government Area (LGA) outlines the development needs of the communities in the LGA. The Plan was developed through a collaborative effort of the LGA and community leaders. It outlines community needs and projects in the following areas: Water and Sanitation, Education, Health, Local Economy, Basic Infrastructure (Roads), and Security.

Benefits of the Community Development Plan

- * It helps the government to:
 - o know the real needs of the people;
 - o understand the priority needs of the different communities; the various competing needs of the different communities that the government needs to prioritise when allocating resources for projects;
 - o wisely allocate government funds;
- * It makes it easier for the LGA and the state government to prepare their annual budgets;
- * It makes it easier for both the local government and the state government to harmonise their development efforts in the communities to avoid duplication of projects.
- * It reduces the siting of unsustainable projects in communities;
- * Communities and the LGA can use the plan to solicit support for projects from prominent sons and daughters of the communities, corporate bodies, foundations, and philanthropists.
- * Communities can also use the plan to engage their elected representatives to pick their constituency projects from the real needs captured in the Plan;
- * The Plan will help the LGA create a sense of belonging for members of the community, as they work together with government to solve their problems.

Brief Profile of Efon Local Government

Efon Local Government is in Ekiti Central Senatorial district of Ekiti State. It has a land mass of 232 km² and a population of 86,941 (2006 census). Efon Local Government has its administrative headquarters in Efon Alaaye.

Efon was created on December 4, 1996, with its headquarters situated at Oniyo Street along Itawure road. Efon has over 68 communities. It is bordered by Ijebu-Ijesha and Erin-Ijesha in Osun in the Southern part; on the Western side by Okemesi; towards the Northern side by Erio in Ekiti West Local Government and Ipole-Iloro, Ekameta Local Council Development Area on the Eastern side.

The majority of its inhabitants engage in farming. It has fertile lands and grows cash and food crops like cocoa, kolanut, oil palms, pineapple, yam, cocoyam, maize, cassava, banana, plantain and vegetables.

How the Plan was developed

A team of volunteers made up of Grassroots Community Leaders and Local Government Officers (Directors of Budget and Community Development) in the LGA were trained by our technical partner, Community Life Project (CLP), on how to carry out participatory needs assessment.

The needs assessment was carried out over 3 weeks in 56 communities in the LGA. The communities are:

| | | | |
|-----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Abeta | Erekesan | Ilosi | Oba Ayetoro |
| Ahun | Ibase | Ilugbeku | Obake |
| Aladura | Idagba | Imoba | Odiolowo |
| Alajo | Ido-Ayegunle | Isaba | OgbonAro |
| Alanaka | Igbehin | Isare | Ojabalu |
| Alatole | Igbo Egun | Isikin | Ojodi |
| Alawaye | Igbo Olofin | Isaja | OkeAhun |
| Apere | Ijoka | Ita Osun | Oke-Aro |
| Araromi | Ijoka II | Ita-Ido | Okelsegun |
| Atiba | Ikagbe | Ita-Odo | OkeOniyo |
| Babalola | Ilero | Itamesi | Oniyo |
| Efon | Ilogbodudu | Itawure | Owode |
| EfonOwode | Iloja | Iwaji | Sugbohun |
| Ejigan | Iloro | Kehinde Ola | Surulere |

The Team went around the communities and carried out Focus Group Discussions and Key Informant Interviews with different stakeholders to collate the pressing needs of the communities. The stakeholders that helped to identify the needs of the communities include the Oba, Council of Chiefs, youths, women, Persons with Disabilities, Artisans, workers, health workers, and teachers.

The LGA team also visited health facilities and schools to ascertain the conditions of the facilities.

A Validation Workshop was organised to review the needs collected by the Needs Assessment Team. Present at the workshop were representatives of State Ministries, Departments and Agencies, as well as Community Needs Assessment Team.

The Needs of the Communities

1. Water and Waste Disposal

1.1 The Water Situation

The major sources of water in the communities are boreholes, wells, and streams/rivers. There are 25 public boreholes in 56 communities in the LGA.

Only 4 communities have functional boreholes - Alanaka, Idagba, Isare and Ita Osun communities. 17 communities rely on either Wells, Rivers, or Streams as their source of water. These are Aladura, Alajo, Alatole, Apere, Iloja, Ilosi, Imolekere, Isikan, Isoja, Kehinde Ola, Obake, OgbonAno, OheAhun, Ojabalu, Okelsegun, Oke Ila and Owode. There are also individually dug wells in most of the communities.

Faulty Boreholes:

24 boreholes are not functioning. 1 of them is located at Atiba community, 1 in Ejigan community, 2 in Erekesan community, 1 in Fabol community, 1 in Igbehin community, 1 in Ijoka, 1 in Ijoka II, 1 in Ilero, 1 in Ilogbodudu, 1 in Iloja, 1 in Iloro, 1 in Ilosi, 1 in Imoba, 1 in Irayo, 1 in Isaba, 1 in Ita-Ido, 2 in Itamesi, 2 in Itawure, 1 in Iwaji, 1 in Odiolowo, 1 in Ojodi and 1 in OkeAhun.

1.2 The Waste Disposal Need

There is need for a proper waste disposal system in communities within the LGA. At the moment, different households adopt various means of disposing of their waste. Some create a dumpsite behind the house and set the waste on fire when it is filled up; some collect the waste and drop it in the bush or place it on the road for the government to pick while others dump the waste in gutters during rainfall.

For human waste, some households within the 56 communities still do not have toilets and practice open defecation.

2. Education Sector:

2.1 The Situation of schools in the Council

Efon has 26 public primary schools, and 6 public secondary schools.

2.2 Communities without Schools

35 communities, namely, Ahun, Ajebalu, Alanaka, Alatole, Apere, Atiba, Babalola, Ibase, Idagba, Igbehin, Igbo Olofin, Ijoka, Ijoka II, Ikagbe, Ilero, Ilogbodudu, Iloja, Iloro, Ilosi, Ilugbeku, Imoba, Isaba, Isaja, Isare, Isikin, Itamesi, Iwaji, Kehinde Ola, Odiolowo, OgbonAno, OkeAhun, Okelsegun, Oniyo, Orisunbare, Owodedo not have any public schools. The children from these communities attend schools in neighbouring communities. The communities need more accessible schools.

Iwaji – Ekiti community needs a Secondary Schools.

2.3 The Needs of the 26 Primary Schools

| Communities | Schools | Needs of the Schools |
|----------------|---|---|
| Abeta | Catholic Nursery and Primary School, Abeta <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1979 • Number of Pupils: 141 (Girls: 82, Boys: 59) • Number of Teachers: 5 (Female: 4, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Toilets • Renovation of Classrooms • Construction of more classrooms |
| Aladura | CAC Nursery and Primary School, Aladura <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1998 • Number of Pupils: 191 (Girls: 102, Boys: 89) • Number of Teachers: 6 (Female: 5, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Toilets • Renovation of Classrooms • Construction of more classrooms |
| Alajo | Nomadic Nursery and Primary School, Alajo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 2013 • Number of Pupils: 105 (Girls: 60, Boys: 45) • Number of Teachers: 4 (Female: 3, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilets • Perimeter Fencing |
| Alawaye | Community Nursery and Primary School, Alawaye <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1980 • Number of Pupils: 198 (Girls: 102, Boys: 96) • Number of Teachers: 5 (Female: 3, Male: 2) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solar boreholes • Toilets • Perimeter fencing • Construction of more Classrooms |
| Araromi | Community Nursery and Primary School, Araromi <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1983 • Number of Pupils: 172 (Girls: 98, Boys: 74) • Number of Teachers: 6 (Female: 5, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solar powered Potable water • Toilets • Perimeter fencing |

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| Efon | Muslim Nursery and Primary School <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1987 • Number of Pupils: 217 (Girls: 117, Boys: 100) • Number of Teachers: 6 (Female: 5, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Toilets • Teaching Aids • Perimeter Fencing • More Academic Staff |
| | CAC TC Demonstration School, Efon <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1991 • Number of Pupils: 221 (Girls: 114, Boys: 107) • Number of Teachers: 6 (Female: 5, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Motorised Solar Borehole • Toilets • Renovation of Classrooms • Perimeter Fencing |
| | St. Peter's Primary School, Efon <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: September 9, 1978 • Number of Pupils: 192 (Girls: 91, Boys: 101) • Number of Teachers: 12 (Female: 9, Male: 3) • Number of Good classroom blocks: None | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilets • Renovation of burnt classrooms • Perimeter Fencing |
| | St. John's Anglican Nursery and Primary School, Idagba/Itaosun <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1979 • Number of Pupils: 205 (Girls: 109, Boys: 96) • Number of Teachers: 11 (Female: 10, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Renovation of Classrooms • Electricity • Perimeter Fencing • Weed slasher |
| | St. Paul's Anglican Nursery and Primary School, Idagba/Itaosun <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1915 • Number of Pupils: 412 (Girls: 215, Boys: 197) • Number of Teachers: 12 (Female: 10, Male: 2) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Renovation of 10 Classrooms • Construction of 5 more classrooms • Toys for KG/kiddies items • Teachers |

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| | Babalola Memorial Primary School, Iwaji road, Efon <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1972 • Number of Pupils: 198 (Girls: 100, Boys: 98) • Number of Teachers: 12 (Female: 10, Male: 2) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Toilet • Construction of Classrooms • Perimeter fencing • More teaching staff |
| Ejigan | Community Nursery and Primary School, Ejigan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1997 • Number of Pupils: 218 (Girls: 118, Boys: 100) • Number of Teachers: 8 (Female: 6, Male: 2) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilets • Perimeter fencing • Teaching staff |
| Erekesan | St. David's Nursery and Primary School, Erekesan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1978 • Number of Pupils: 198 (Girls: 110, Boys: 88) • Number of Teachers: 10 (Female: 7, Male: 3) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solar borehole • Toilets • Perimeter fencing • Teaching staff |
| | St. James Nursery and Primary School, Erekesan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1968 • Number of Pupils: 350 (Girls: 197, Boys: 153) • Number of Teachers: 12 (Female: 10, Male: 2) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilets • Perimeter fencing • Teaching staff |
| | St. Peters Nursery and Primary School, Erekesan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1965 • Number of Pupils: 222 (Girls: 121, Boys: 101) • Number of Teachers: 8 (Female: 6, Male: 2) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solar powered Potable water • Toilets • Provision of Teaching aids • Teaching staff |
| IdoAyegunle (Odogbo) | St. Andrew's CAC Nursery and Primary School, Ido-Ayegunle <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1991 • Number of Pupils: 162 (Girls: 87, Boys: 75) • Number of Teachers: 6 (Female: 5, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilets • Renovation of 10 classrooms • 5 more classrooms • Learning material for KG • Perimeter Fencing |

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| Italdo | St. Andrew's Nursery and Primary School, Ita-Ido <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1974 • Number of Pupils: 206 (Girls: 111, Boys: 95) • Number of Teachers: 7 (Female: 6, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable Water • 5 blocks of Classrooms • Teaching Aids – Play items for children • Perimeter Fencing |
| Ita-Odo | SUBEB Nursery and Primary School, Ita-Odo, Efon <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1982 • Number of Pupils: 198 (Girls: 102, Boys: 96) • Number of Teachers: 10 (Female: 8, Male: 2) • Number of Good classroom blocks: All | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilets • Teaching staff |
| Oba Ayetoro | Community Nursery and Primary School, Oba-Ayetoro <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1975 • Number of Pupils: 177 (Girls: 93, Boys: 84) • Number of Teachers: 4 (Female: 3, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Toilets • Renovation of 8 Classrooms • Perimeter fencing • Teaching staff |
| Obake | Community Nursery and Primary School, Obake <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1979 • Number of Pupils: 211 (Girls: 120, Boys: 91) • Number of Teachers: 5 (Female: 2, Male: 3) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Toilets • Perimeter fencing • Teaching staff |
| OkeOniyo | C.A.C. Nursery and Primary School, Oke-Oniyo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1977 • Number of Pupils: 224 (Girls: 115, Boys: 109) • Number of Teachers: 7 (Female: 6, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilets • Teaching aids • Perimeter fencing • Teaching staff |
| Orisunbare | A.U.D. Nursery and Primary School, Orisunbare <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1978 • Number of Pupils: 181 (Girls: 93, Boys: 88) | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Toilets • Renovation of Classrooms • Construction of more classrooms • More Academic Staff |

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| Sugbohun | Community Nursery and Primary School, Sugbohun <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1973 • Number of Pupils: 184 (Girls: 95, Boys: 89) • Number of Teachers: 6 (Female: 5, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilets • Renovation of Classrooms • Teaching Staff |
| Surulere | St. John Nursery and Primary School, Surulere I <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1983 • Number of Pupils: 215 (Girls: 116, Boys: 99) • Number of Teachers: 7 (Female: 6, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilet • 4 Blocks of Classrooms • Teachers |
| | St. John Nursery and Primary School, Surulere II <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1988 • Number of Pupils: 193 (Girls: 110, Boys: 83) • Number of Teachers: 6 (Female: 5, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Renovation of 10 Classrooms • 4 more Classrooms • 16 Teachers |
| | St. Michael Nursery and Primary School, Surulere <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1977 • Number of Pupils: 210 (Girls: 109, Boys: 101) • Number of Teachers: 9 (Female: 8, Male: 1) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solar powered Potable water • Perimeter fencing • 16 Teachers |

2.4 The Needs of the 6 Secondary Schools

| Communities | Name of Schools | Needs of the Schools |
|-------------|---|--|
| Efon | Babalola Memorial High School, Iwaji road, Efon <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1979 • Number of Students: 549 (Girls: 290, Boys: 259) • Number of Teachers: 38 (Female: 26, Male: 12) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction of 5 Blocks of Classrooms • Perimeter fencing • More teaching staff |
| EfonOwode | Ekiti State Government, College <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded:2005 • Number of Students: 384 (Girls: 205, Boys: 179) • Number of Teachers: 25 (Female: 12, Male: 13) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Electricity/Solar Power • 18 Teachers • All lab equipment |
| Igbo-Egun | St. Michael Grammar School <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1980 • Number of Students: 275 (Girls: 148, Boys: 127) • Number of Teachers: 22 (Female: 20, Male: 2) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 2 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Renovation of 8 Classrooms • Construction of 4 blocks of classrooms • Provision of Learning materials [Makers, Maker Board, Pictorial Charts] • Laboratory equipment • Perimeter Fencing • Teachers [Physics, Chemistry, Literature, History, Biology, Economics] |
| Ita-Odo | C.A.C Grammar School, Ita-Odo, Efon <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1963 • Number of Students: 905 (Girls: 780, Boys: 425) • Number of Teachers: 46 (Female: 32, Male: 14) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 4 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Laboratory equipment • Modern Computer for Computer Laboratory • Books in the Library • Teachers |
| Ita-Osun | Anglican Secondary School, Efon <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1980 • Number of Students: 1,331 (Girls: 695, Boys: 636) • Number of Teachers: 48 (Female: 31, Male: 19) • Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Electricity • Laboratory Equipment (Science and Computer Laboratory) • Teachers • Non-Academic Staff • Perimeter Fencing • 6 more blocks of classrooms |

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| Oke-Aro | Efon High School, Efon-Alaaye <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Founded: 1977• Number of Student: 686 (Girls: 364, Boys: 322)• Number of Teachers: 35 (Female: 23, Male: 12)• Number of Good classroom blocks: 1 | The school needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Laboratory Equipment• Computerization of the school system• Teachers• Non-Academic Staff |
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Dilapidated Classroom at Anglican Secondary School, Ita-Osun Community, Efon

3. Health

There are Seventeen functional health care centres. [See list below]

3.1 The Needs of the Health Centres

| Communities | Health Centres | Needs of the Health Centres |
|-------------|---|--|
| Alajo | Health Centre Alajo, Efon-Alaaye <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 8 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 700 • Major sickness treated: Fever | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff (5 Qualified Doctors and 15 Nurses) • Potable water • 20 Beds • 6 Stethoscopes • Scale |
| Alanaka | Basic Health Centre, Alanaka <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1998 • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 6 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 380 • Major sickness treated: Fever | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilet • 20 Beds • Perimeter fencing • Medical equipment – ultrasound machine, Palpation Beds • 20 Staff (Medical Personnel) |
| Araromi | Basic Health Centre, Araromi <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 1 Nurse, 8 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 3,000+ • Major sickness treated: Fever | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 20 Beds • 80 Beddings • 20 Staff [Doctors, Nurses, other healthcare workers] • Equipment – palpation bed |
| Babalola | Comprehensive Health Centre, Ayo Babalola Avenue, Efon-Alaaye <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 8 Nurses, 8 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 2000+ • Major sickness treated: Fever | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Drugs • 5 Palpation Beds • 18 Beds • 40 Beddings • 22 Staff, including Doctors, Nurses and other Health workers |
| Erekesan | CHC Erekesan, Efon, Erekesan Street behind Kings Market <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1997 • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 2 Nurses, 23 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 5640 • Major sickness treated: Malaria and Arthritis | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Renovation of 4 buildings • Potable water and Reservoir (Laboratory and Staff Quarters) • Beds – 6 needed • Two flats for Staff Accommodation • 6 technical staff [Electrician, Plumber, Bricklayer, |

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| Ibase | Ibase Health Centre, Ibase, Efon-Alaaye <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1980s • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 8 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 20 Beds and other Beddings • 6 Stethoscopes • 8 Scales • More Health Personnel (Nurses and Doctors) |
| Ida-Odo | General Hospital, Efon Alaaye, Ita-Odo, Efon-Alaaye <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1970s • Number of Staff: 2 Doctors, 5 Nurses, 20 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 900+ • Major sickness treated: All types of sickness | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Ambulance • 40 more staff [Doctors/Nurses] |
| Igbo Olofin | Basic Health Centre, Igbo-Olofin <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 2008 • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 4 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 8,000 • Major sickness treated: Malaria | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Toilet • 20 Beds • 5 Refrigerators • Perimeter fencing • Staff Quarters |
| Ikagbe | Comprehensive Health Centre, Ikagbe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 2004 • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 5 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 400 • Major sickness treated: Fever | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 20 Beds • 20 Medical Personnel • 10 Cabinet for Drug and Files • 30 Benches and Chairs |
| Iloro | Basic Health Centre, Iloro <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1982 • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 6 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 280 • Major sickness treated: Malaria | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 20 Beds and other Beddings • 20 Benches and Table • Construction of staff quarters • Qualified staff – Doctors, Nurses and Health workers |
| Ilugbeku | Basic Health Centre, Ilugbeku <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1980 • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 5 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 2000+ • Major sickness treated: Malaria | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 22 Beds and other Beddings • Refrigerator • Electricity • 10 Filing cabinets • 6 storage cabinets • 30 Health Personnel, including Doctors, Nurses and other Health Personnel |
| Isaja | Comprehensive Health Centre, Isaja Street <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1995 • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 7 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 400 • Major sickness treated: Malaria | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10 Filing cabinets • 4 Freezers [Storages] • 4 Refrigerators • 14 Beds and other Beddings • Hospital equipment – stethoscope, weighing gauge |

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| Ita-Ido | Basic Health Centre, Ita-Ido <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1990s • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 6 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • 4 palpation Beds • Perimeter Fencing • 30 Staff [Doctors/Nurses] |
| Itawure | Itawure, Basic Health Centre, Itawure, EfonAlaye <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1990s • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 6 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: • Major sickness treated: Fever | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 Refrigerators • Beds and other Beddings • 20 Maternity Bed • 5 Stethoscopes • Ultrasound • Drugs [especially malaria] • 6 hospital scales |
| Iwaji-Ekiti | Basic Health Centre, Iwaji-Ekiti <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1990s • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 4 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 600 • Major sickness treated: Fever | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • Electricity • 20 Staff, Doctors and Nurses • 4 Refrigerators for vaccines • 20 Beds |
| Obake | Basic Health Centre, Obake, Efon-Alaye <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 1990s • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 6 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: • Major sickness treated: Fever | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 20 palpation beds • 4 Refrigerators • Beds and other Beddings • 20 Maternity Beds • 8 Stethoscopes • Ultrasound machine • 6 scales • Drugs |
| Oniyo | Algon Health Centre <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Founded: 2023 • Number of Staff: 0 Doctors, 0 Nurse, 3 Health workers • Estimated patient per year: 852 • Major sickness treated: Malaria and other ailments | The Health Centre needs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potable water • 20 Staff • Adequate supply of drugs • Beds – 12 needed and Pillow cases, Linen cupboard and Linens • Renovation of Staff Quarters • Solar light • 10 Drug shelves • 20 Benches, Chairs and Tables • Lawnmower • Gas cylinder • Storage and Filing cabinet • Wall clock |



Key Informant Interview with the Health Administrator of ALGON Health Centre, Oniyo Community

4. Basic Infrastructure: Roads

The roads in the communities that need repair and rehabilitation include:

| Communities | Location of Roads |
|--------------------------|--|
| Iwaji | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grading of Farmstead and layout of the land in Iwaji Efon to Iwaji needs rehabilitation |
| Orita Blessing Idagba | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Igbehin to Anakan needs rehabilitation Eti Oni road needs rehabilitation Alabukun to Ijofi road needs rehabilitation Ojodi to Atanaka road needs rehabilitation Construction and provision of drainage of road from Ishin to Iloro Construction of Drainage in Ilugbekun Apere to Ile Osin road needs rehabilitation Iloro to Imolekere needs rehabilitation Abeta to Erin road needs rehabilitation |
| Ahun | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construction of Road and Bridge Obare road needs rehabilitation |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Orisunbare road needs rehabilitation Olorogbo road needs rehabilitation Irudinmarket road needs rehabilitation Efon to Ahun road needs rehabilitation |

| | |
|----------|---|
| Idagba | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abeta to Erin road needs rehabilitation |
| Ita-Odo | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General Hospital to Alajo needs rehabilitation |
| Alanaka | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alanaka – Iwaji road – Irora needs rehabilitation |
| Ejigan | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oru River road needs rehabilitation |
| Ilugbeku | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ilugbeku to Ojabalu roads needs rehabilitation |
| Efon | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ijoka to River Oni road needs rehabilitation • Apre to Owalemisoko road needs construction |

5. Local Economy

The economic activities of communities in Efon LGA majorly involve farming, trading, and artisans which include tailoring, aluminium work, photographers and videographers, shoe making, barbering, welding, bricklayers, and carpentry.

The Farm produce include cash and food crops like, cocoa, kolanut, oil palms, pineapple, yam, cocoyam, maize, cassava, banana, plantain and vegetable.

Major Economic challenges experienced by communities in the LGA

- * Provision of markets
- * Provision of Electricity
- * Lack of Storage facilities
- * Lack of Garri processing machines
- * Empowerment materials for artisans
- * Credit facilities to access items needed for business

6. Security

6.1 The Security Situation in the LGA

The security of lives and property is a major responsibility of the government. It is needed to keep the peace going; without which there can be no meaningful development.

Only three communities – Efon, Itawure and Iwaji out of the 56 communities have any form of security. The other communities have resorted to self-help initiatives - relying on local hunters, providing personal security and mobilising youths to respond to security challenges.

6.2 The Security Needs

- * Efon community – Security gadgets for Amotekun/NSCDC
- * Itawure community – motor bike for Vigilante
- * Iwaji community – Motor bike and Android phones for local hunters
- * Renovation of the Police Station in Efon
- * Office Accommodation with toilet and perimeter fencing

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